

# **Blood Cells by Design**

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**“If you plant it, it might grow”**

**Sandy Duncan MD  
Emory CTCT**

# Blood Supply Issues

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- ❑ Many developed countries have chronic blood supply shortages.
  - ❑ Increasingly this is not just at holiday periods but is driven by increased demand throughout the year
  - ❑ This is classic supply side economics.
  - ❑ Why can't we just increase the supply of blood products?
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# More Supply Issues

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- Why can't we recruit more donors ?
  - Apathy, disinterest, poor message !!
  - Somebody else will do it. (always do)
  - The Rats Ass Syndrome
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# Even More Issues

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- Even countries with previously “healthy” donor populations are now struggling to maintain their blood supply.
  - Increased demand for components is not likely to decrease especially for platelets as more and “toxic” chemotherapy is used.
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# Some Answers ?

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- If we can't recruit enough donors can we do anything else?
  - Change donor criteria ?
  - "Synthetic blood"
  - Prolonged storage capability e.g frozen cells.
  - Stem Cell sources
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# Artificial Blood !!

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- ❑ What happened ?
  - ❑ Perfluorocarbons have been around for 30 years.
  - ❑ They do carry and deliver oxygen but have many limitations.
  - ❑ Red cells have functions that are more than oxygen delivery.
  - ❑ Not ever going to be viable alternative to RBC transfusions.
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# Blood Substitutes

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- ❑ Lot of interest and development in last 20 years.
  - ❑ Usually involved some kind of Hb compound in artificial membrane.
  - ❑ Did deliver oxygen but many complications.
  - ❑ “Biopure” was approved for dogs.
  - ❑ FDA forced closure of largest lab.
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# More Blood Substitutes

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- ❑ Some are available for compassionate use (Jehovah's witnesses).
  - ❑ Huge IRB/regulatory issues even for compassionate use.
  - ❑ Never going to be FDA approved.
  - ❑ Not a viable long term alternative to the dwindling donor pool.
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# Alternatives

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- ❑ If we can't cheat nature what are the options?
  - ❑ What about frozen blood?
  - ❑ RBCs can be frozen very successfully.
  - ❑ They can only be thawed using chemical preservatives.
  - ❑ It was used widely by the US Navy in Vietnam.
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# More Frozen Blood

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- ❑ If you could freeze/thaw blood on a large scale would have little outdated blood and improve the blood supply.
  - ❑ Very costly, very equipment driven, lose a significant amount by washing.
  - ❑ Very short viability after washing.
  - ❑ Expense and availability, short outdate make this non viable on large scale.
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# Damn ! What to do?

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- Huge interest in stem cells in past 20 years.
  - A ***stem cell*** is basic cellular building block in which a common single “cell of origin” can differentiate into a cell in the body
  - Scientific description is “**pluripotent.**”
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# Scientific Agriculture

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- Stem cells physiologically can be made to differentiate into specific and very different cell lines under the control of many factors.
  - These include genes, growth factors, transcription factors, all of which send a message to support and produce specific cell lines from a common origin.
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# The “Seed Concept”

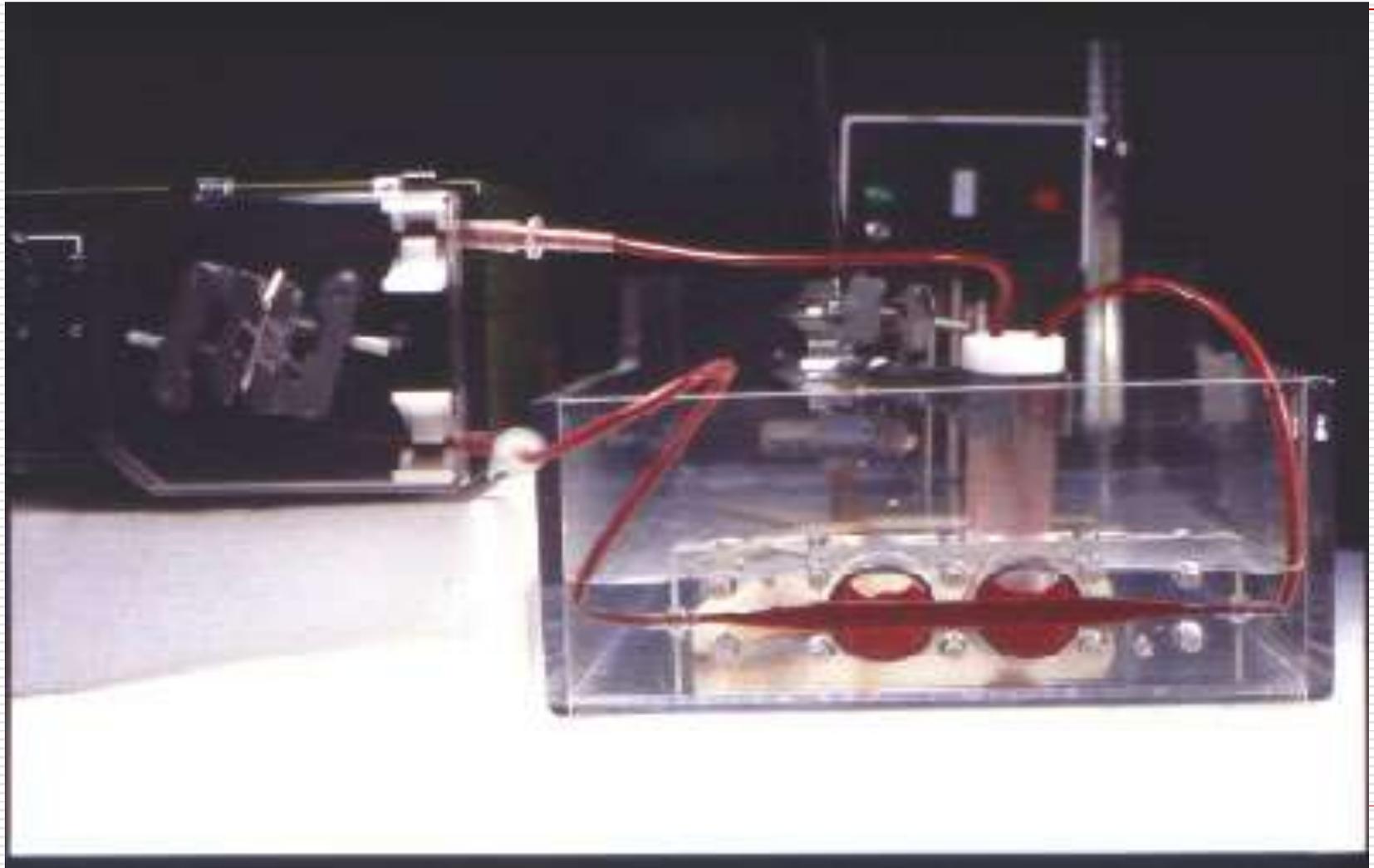
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- If we consider the stem cell as a “*seed*” then can we find out how to make them into red cells, white cells and platelets.
  - The “Bioagriculture” conditions are the challenge.
  - Many kinds of body cells can be generated in the laboratory from stem cells by scientific manipulation.
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**Let's Just Make It.**

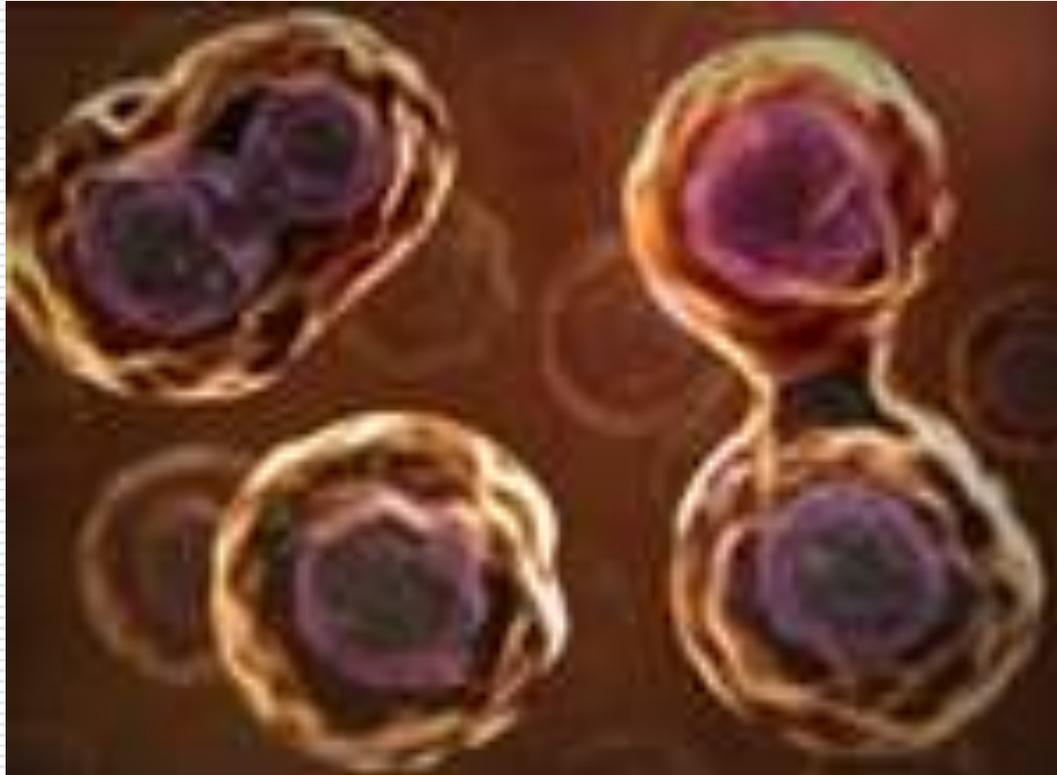


# Cell Manufacture



# Basic Stem Cells

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# More Basic Stem Cells

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- ❑ How do we identify basic Stem cells.
  - ❑ Can we identify and purify Hematopoietic stem cells. ( CD34+ )
  - ❑ How many do we need to seed the production process.
  - ❑ What scale can this be done on?
  - ❑ How expensive will this be?
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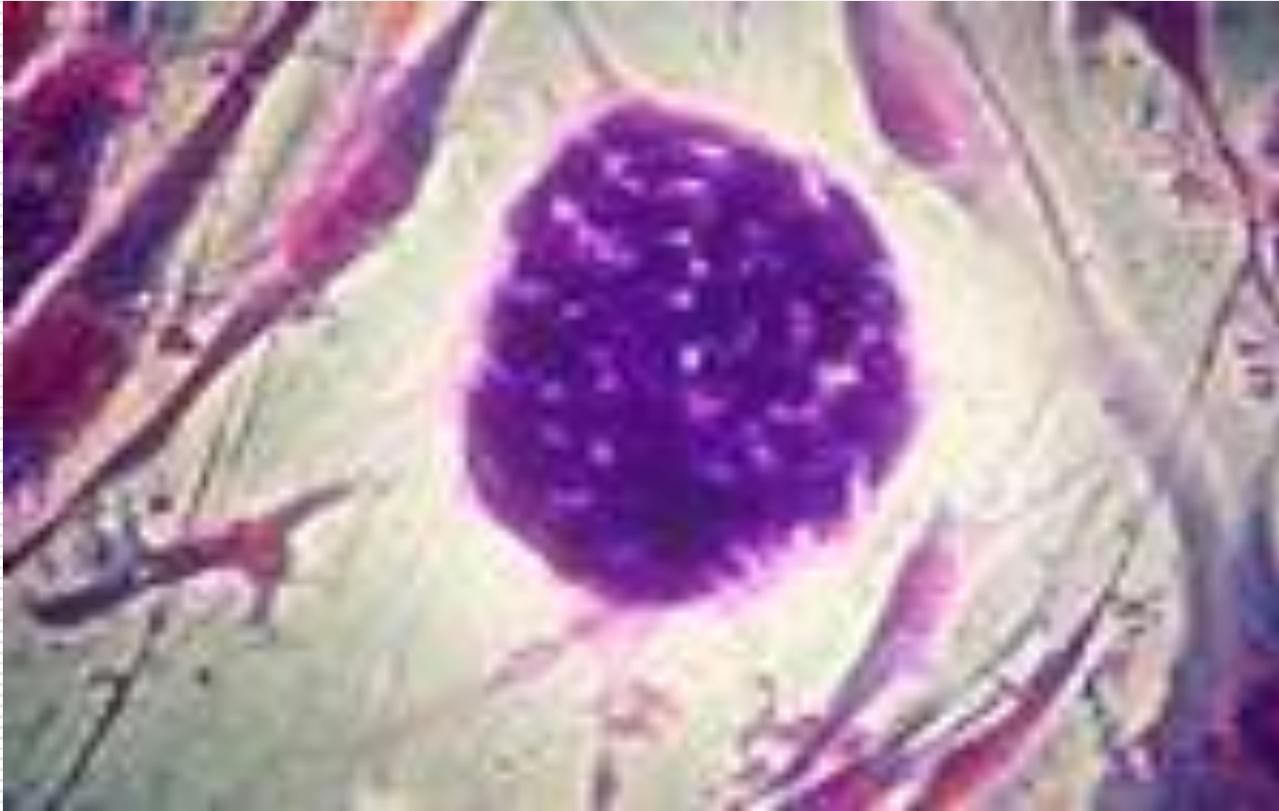
# Even More Basic Stem Cells

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- ❑ In theory we can customise this process for each patient.
  - ❑ We can produce RBCs, Platelets& WBC for each patient.
  - ❑ No X-matching, No alloimmunisation
  - ❑ No thrombocytopenia !!!!
  - ❑ Less antibiotics more WBCs.
  - ❑ **WOW!**
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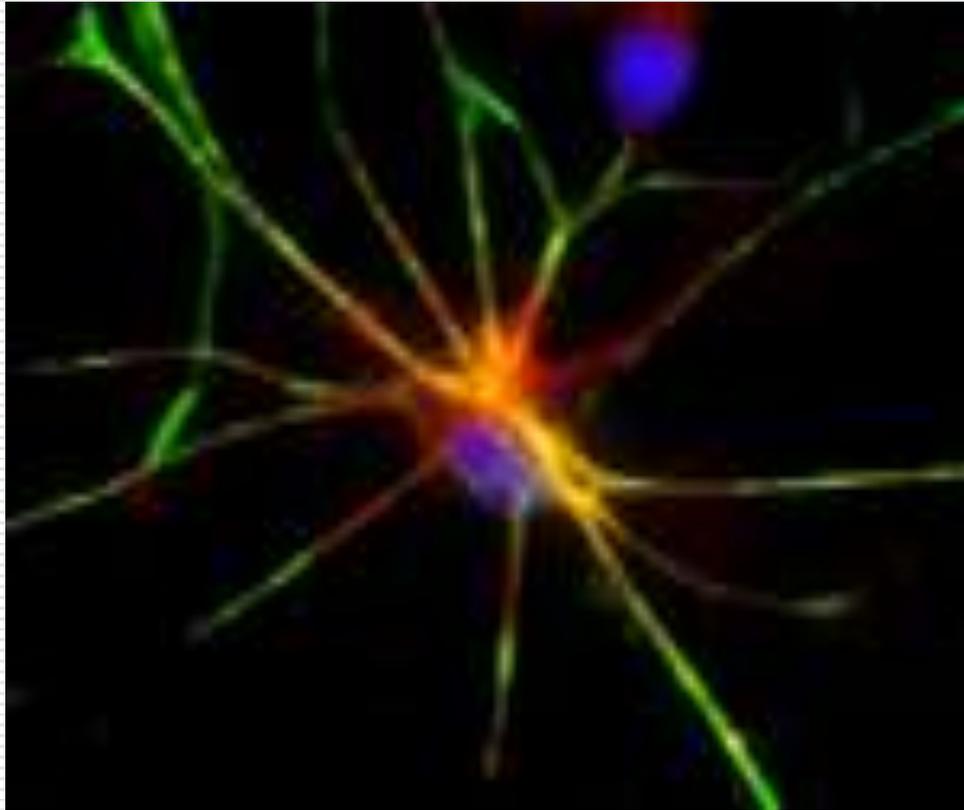
# Stem Cell Nodule

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# Neural Stem Cell

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# Embryonic Stem Cells

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# Blood Cell Bioagriculture-1

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- ❑ It has been shown that you can differentiate stem cells into RBCs.
  - ❑ You can also generate white cells.
  - ❑ Uncertain about platelets.
  - ❑ If feasible could be the answer to the blood supply issues.
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# Blood Cell Bioagriculture-2

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- Several groups in the last 4 years have generated functioning RBCs from embryonic human stem cells.
  - Used mouse fetal liver cells cultured with human stem cells and by 20 days had “grown” RBCs with adult Hb without remaining nuclei indicating cell maturity.
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# Blood Cell Bioagriculture-3

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- More recently a group headed by the U of Minnesota generated 100 billion RBCs equivalent to 3 tubes in blood.
  - They were able to generate all the ABO blood types with 65% of cells being mature RBCs
  - Still had some residual fetal Hb but was considered major progress.
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# Blood Cell Bioagriculture-4

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- ❑ In December 2011 a group in Paris published a study where they took donor hematopoietic stem cells and grew them in a lab to generate 10 billion RBCs. (2 ml of blood)
  - ❑ These were then labelled and injected back into the donors.
  - ❑ At day 5, 94% of cells remained & at day 26, 41-63% remained.
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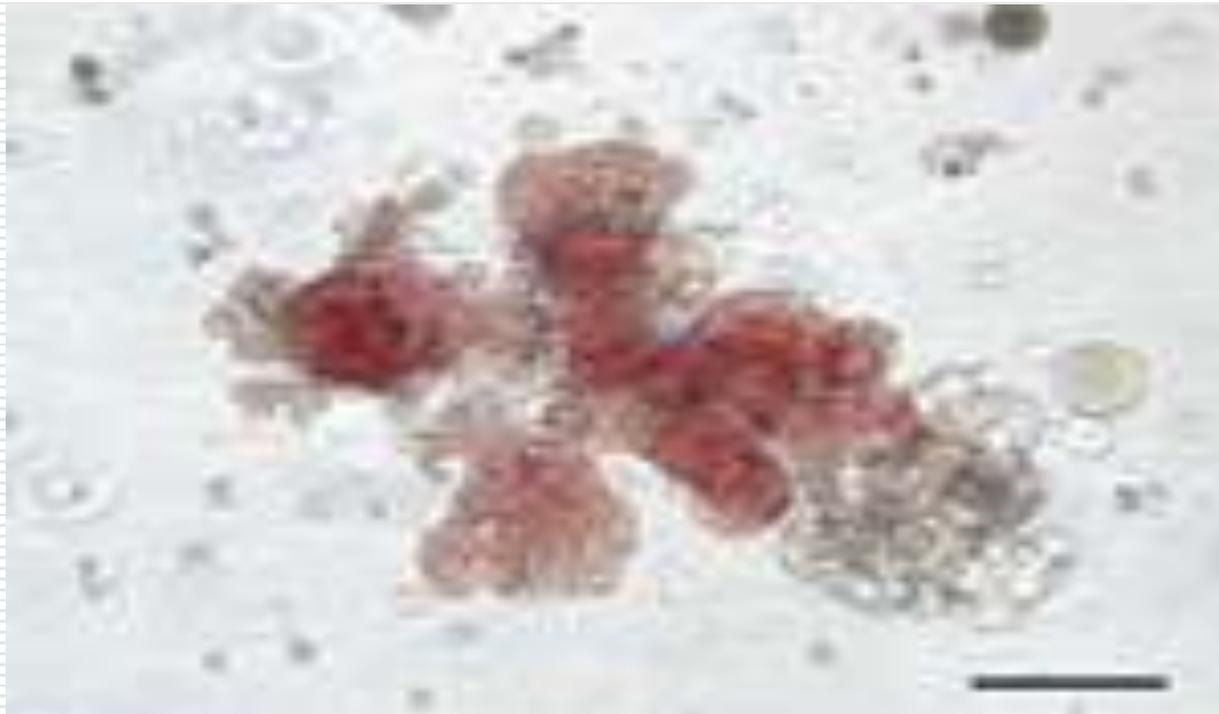
# What does this tell us ?

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- ❑ “Bioagriculture” of blood cellular elements is both feasible and practical on small scale.
  - ❑ Industrial scale up will be challenging and probably very expensive.
  - ❑ However countries are committing resources to this very end.
  - ❑ It could solve the blood shortage
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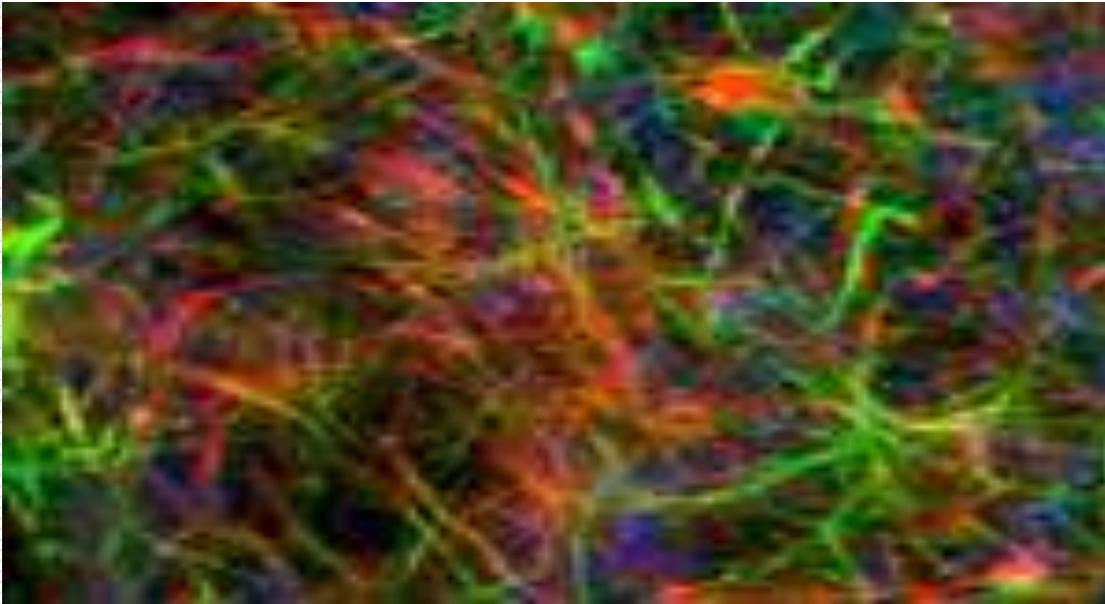
# Cultured Red Cells

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# Growth of Neural Stem Cells

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# Where is the Big Picture ?

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- In Scotland, the government is supporting a consortium of the National BTS, University of Glasgow engineering school and the Biopharmaceutical group at University of Strathclyde with \$25 million to develop industrial production of blood cell components.
  - Expect some results in 5 years.
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# More Big Picture

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- If we can do this for RBCs even on a small scale consider the possibilities for Platelets and even Granulocytes?
  - Maybe for the first time in history we could give enough granulocytes by transfusion to actually work in infections.
  - They do work ,we can never get enough to get an optimum response.
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# Even Bigger Picture

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- The possibility of having enough platelets to treat all our cancer chemotherapy patients is like winning the lottery for a blood banker!
  - We might be able to generate huge platelet numbers to make a single donor unit look “feasible”
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# The Other Georgia



# Ultimate Picture

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- While still in it's infancy, many of the "proof of principal" issues for generating blood cell components from stem cells have been identified and validated.
  - Huge issues still exists before this technological ability will generate functional volumes of product.
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# More Ultimate Picture

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- It is unlikely that we will ever return to the situation where human blood donors will satisfy the need for cellular components.
  - Biotechnology is expanding at a logarithmic pace.
  - **Buckets of blood** are on the horizon!
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# Tbilisi

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